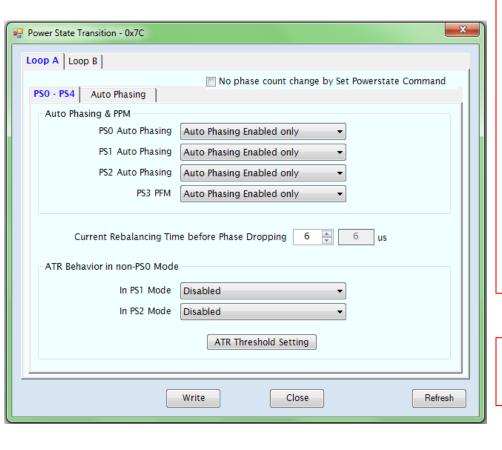


# Power State Transitions...

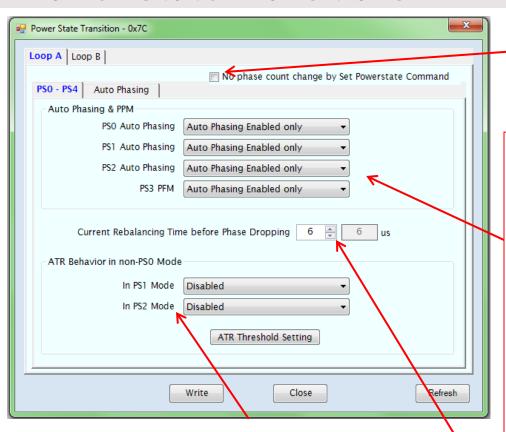


# Power State PS0

Is automatically selected when in Overclocking mode or manual selected Vout.



# Power State Transitions...



#### ATR Behavior In PS1/2 Mode

ATR behavior in PS1/2 mode can be set independent to PS0 mode.

- •Disabled ATR will not be fired
- •Programmable Threshold ATR is enabled with the same response as the PSO mode settings. Loosest threshold

# No phase count change by set PowerState Command

When checked, the controller will always operate at PSO mode. PS commands on the SVID bus are ack'd but will not be reacted to.

### PS0/1/2 Auto Phasing

- Specifies the auto phasing function for PS0, PS1, or PS2
  - Disabled: Auto phasing and PFM are disabled
  - Auto phasing is enabled only
  - Auto phasing and PFM enabled

#### PS3 PFM

- Specifies if PFM is enabled for PS3 operation for extra power savings
  - Disabled –PFM is disabled
- When disabling/enabling auto phasing function, PID will get change. This is due to PID scaling function is enabled when auto phasing is enabled. If PID for Max phase operation is changed, just change back to original value before again selecting auto phasing disabled.

#### **Current Rebalancing Time before Phase Dropping**

-This is used to set the delay before phase dropping (includes by PS command and auto phasing). During this period, the controller is trying to unload the current from the phase to be dropped



# Power State Transitions... Auto Phasing

### **Thresholds for Dropping Phases:**

-At which output current should a shift to less number of phases occur.

Example: As Iout current drop below 26A there will be a change from 4 phases to 3 phases.

## No phase count change by Set Powerstate Command:

-Do not change number of phases even if Powerstate is changed when box ticked

### **Hysteresis for Phase Adding:**

-To avoid too many add/drop of phases a hysteresis can be set. This avoid a continuous change of number of phases if current is just at the set threshold

# **Thresholds for Adding Phases:**

- Calculated from the Hysteresis and the set value for dropping phases. When Iout is higher than the shown current one phase is added

## **Auto Phase Drop Delay**

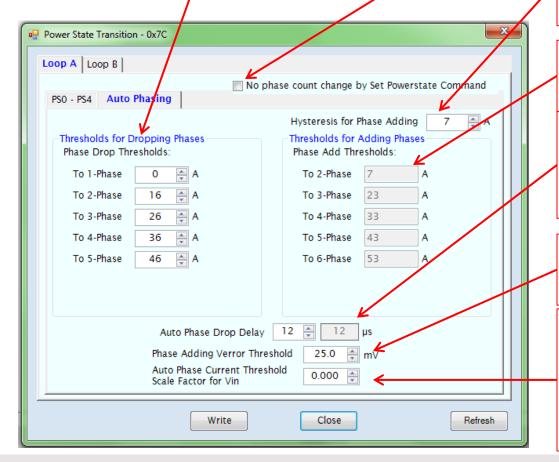
-For autonomous phase dropping, the output current reading needs remain lower than the drop threshold for the entire period of time specified by the Auto Phase Drop Delay parameter.

#### **Phase Adding Verror threshold**

-When the error voltage is larger than the specified value, the controller will proceed to add all phases immediately.

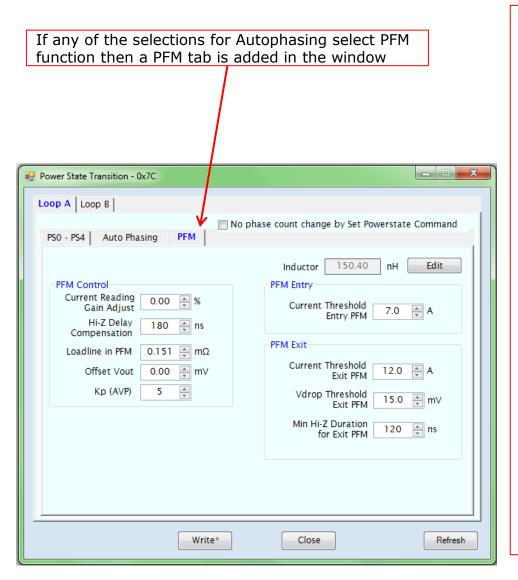
# Auto phase current threshold scale factor for Vin

-The efficiency curve of the system will vary due to changes in Vin. Therefore, the optimal current thresholds for auto phasing will also vary as well. The parameter here can adjust the current thresholds for auto phasing as a function of Vin to get the best efficiency curve.





# Power State Transitions... PFM



#### **Current Reading Gain Adjust**

Adjustment to the current reading accuracy in PFM mode

#### **Hi-Z Delay Compensate**

Reduces the actual off-time of the PWM signal in order to compensate the power stage delay in transitioning from off to Hi-Z

#### Loadline in PFM

Define how much Vout is adjusted by load current in PFM from 12.5% to 100% of the load-line setting

#### **Offset Vout**

Adjust the threshold voltage for the PFM comparator to initiate a new PFM cycle (on/off pulse) when the Vout reaches or drops below this threshold. The threshold should be raised or lowered so that the PFM ripple stays well within the regulation window allowed under PFM.

#### Kp (AVP)

A delta-term to reduce the bandwidth of the AVP loop during PFM mode

#### **Current Threshold Entry PFM**

In 1-Phase PWM mode, the output current must reach this threshold in order to enter PFM mode

#### **Current Threshold Exit in PFM**

Exit from PFM under conditions of overcurrent (i.e. 2-3A above the PFM/PWM efficiency cross-over load)

## **Vdrop Threshold Exit PFM**

The threshold at which a transient would trigger an exit from PFM to PWM operation

ATRH1 must be enabled for this function

#### Min. Hi-Z Duration for Exit PFM

Exit PFM if the Hi-Z time of 6 consecutive PFM cycles is less than this threshold

Configure this threshold such that an exit condition occurs at the PFM/PWM crossover efficiency load-level